

# YAXHAM PARISH COUNCIL

### **CODE OF CONDUCT**

Adopted by Yaxham Parish Council at its Meeting on 28th June 2023. To be reviewed in June 2026.

### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Code, a 'co-opted member' is a person who is not a member of the Council but who is either a member of any committee or sub-committee of the Council, or a member of, and represents the Council on any joint committee or joint sub-committee of the Council, and who is entitled to vote on any question that falls to be decided at any meeting of that committee or sub-committee.

For the purposes of this Code, a 'meeting' is a meeting of the Council, any of its committees, sub-committees, joint committees, or joint sub-committees.

For the purposes of this Code, and unless otherwise expressed, a reference to a member of the Council includes a co-opted member of the Council.

### **Expected Behaviours**

Yaxham Parish Council have adopted this Code setting out the expected behaviours required of its members or co-opted members, acknowledging that they each have a responsibility to represent the community and work constructively with our staff and partner organisations to secure better social, economic, and environmental outcomes for all.

In accordance with the Localism Act 2011 provisions, when acting in this capacity, all Councillors must be committed to behaving in a manner that is consistent with the following principles to achieve best value for our residents and maintain public confidence in this Parish Council.

**Selflessness:** Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

**Integrity:** Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might seek to influence them in the performance of their official duties.

**Objectivity:** In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

**Accountability:** Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

**Openness:** Holders of public office should be seen as open as possible about all decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

**Honesty:** Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

**Leadership:** Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

As a Member of Yaxham Parish Council, your conduct will in particular address the statutory principles of the code of conduct by: -

- Championing the needs of residents the whole community and in a special way your constituents, including those who did not vote for you and putting their interests first.
- Dealing with representations or enquiries, members of our communities and visitors fairly, appropriately, and impartially.
- Not allowing other pressures, including the financial interests of yourself or others connected to you, to deter you from pursuing constituents' casework, the interests of the parish area or the good governance of the Parish Council in a proper manner.
- Exercising independent judgement and not compromising your position by placing yourself
  under obligations to outside individuals or organisations who might seek to influence the
  way to perform your duties as a member/co-opted member of this Parish Council.
- Listening to the interests of all parties, including relevant advice from statutory and other
  professional officers, taking all relevant information into consideration, remaining objective
  and making decisions on merit.
- Being accountable for your decisions and co-operating when scrutinised internally and externally, including by local residents.
- Contributing to making the Parish Council's decision-making processes as open and transparent as possible to enable residents to understand the reasoning behind those decisions and to be informed when holding you and other members to account but restricting access to information when the wider public interest or the law requires it.
- Behaving in accordance with all your legal obligations, alongside any requirements contained within this Parish Council's policies, protocols, and procedures, including on the use of the Parish Council's resources.
- Valuing your colleagues and staff and engaging with them in an appropriate manner and one that underpins the mutual respect between you that is essential to good local government.
- Always treating people with respect, including the organisations and public you engage with and those you work alongside.

 Providing leadership through behaving in accordance with these principles when championing the interests of the community with other organisations as well as within this Parish Council.

#### **Declaration of Interests**

The Localism Act 2011 provides for registration and disclosure of interests and in Yaxham Parish Council this will be done as follows: -

- Upon taking up office, a member or co-opted member must, within 28 days of becoming such, notify the Monitoring Officer of any 'disclosable pecuniary interests', as prescribed by the Secretary of State.
- On re-election or re-appointment, a member or co-opted member must, within 28 days, notify the Monitoring Officer of any 'disclosable pecuniary interests' not already included in their register of interests.
- If a member or co-opted member is aware that they have a 'disclosable pecuniary interest' in a matter they must not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter at a meeting.
- If a member or co-opted member is aware of a 'disclosable pecuniary interest' in a matter under consideration at a meeting but such interest is not already on the Council's register of interests or in the process of entry onto the register having been notified to the Monitoring Officer, the member or co-opted member must disclose the 'disclosable pecuniary interest' to the meeting and register it within 28 days of the meeting at which it is first disclosed.

Members of Yaxham Parish Council are required to use the Yaxham Parish Council "Register Of Members' Disclosable Pecuniary Interests" to be found in Appendix 1 to this Code of Conduct.

### **Disclosable Pecuniary Interests**

The duties to register, disclose and not to participate for the entire consideration of the matter, in respect of any matter in which a member has a disclosable pecuniary interest are set out in Chapter 7 of the Localism Act 2011. Members are also required to withdraw from the room as stated in the Standing Orders of this Council.

Disclosable pecuniary interests are defined in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 No. 1464 as follows: -

Employment, office, trade,	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for
profession or vocation	profit or gain
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by the member in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of the member.
	This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 (1).

Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body
	in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the
	relevant authority: -
	(a) Under which goods or services are to be provided or works
	are to be executed; and
	(b) Which has not been fully discharged
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the member's knowledge) –
	(a) The landlord is the relevant authority; and
	(b) The tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a
	beneficial interest
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where: -
	(a) That body (to the member's knowledge) has a place of
	business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and
	(b) Either: -
	(i) The total nominal value of the securities exceeds
	£25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share
	capital of that body; or
	(ii) If the share capital of that body is of more than one
	class, the total nominal value of the shares of any
	one class in which the relevant person has a
	beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the
	total issued share capital of that class.

## **Gifts and Hospitality**

You must, within 28 days of receipt, notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of any gift, benefit or hospitality with a value in excess of £100 which you have accepted as a member from any person or body other than the Parish Council.

The Monitoring Officer will place your notification on a public register of gifts and hospitality.

This duty to notify the Monitoring Officer does not apply where the gift, benefit or hospitality comes within any description approved by the Parish Council for this purpose.

## Appendix A

An interest which relates to or is likely to affect:

- (i) any body of which the member is in a position of general control or management and to which they are appointed or nominated by the Council;
- (ii) any body
  - (a) exercising functions of a public nature;
  - (b) directed to charitable purposes; or
  - (c) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which the member of the Council is a member or in a position of general control or management