Scope of Responsibilities

Breckland Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. Breckland Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure best value and continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. In discharging this overall responsibility, Breckland Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs, which facilitates the effective exercise of its functions and include arrangements for the management of risk.

Breckland Council has approved and adopted a code of corporate governance, which is consistent with the principles of the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework Delivering Good Governance in Local Government. A copy of the code is on our website at:

https://www.breckland.gov.uk/article/3461/Strategies-Plans-and-Policies-

The CIPFA Financial Management Code sets out the standards of financial management for local authorities and is designed to support good practice in financial management and assist local authorities in demonstrating their financial sustainability. The Council assesses itself annually against this Code and has demonstrated a good level of financial management in 2024-25, with 4 actions identified to help improve financial management throughout the organisation. There is currently one action remaining outstanding from earlier years which is in progress and will be carried into 2025-26 for completion.

The Council's financial management arrangements conform to the governance requirements of the CIPFA statement on the role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government and the Council's governance arrangements allow the S151 Officer to influence, comment and support on all material decisions. This statement explains how Breckland Council has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 in relation to consideration of the findings of a review of the system of internal control and approval and publication of an annual governance statement.

The purpose of the governance framework

The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, and culture and values, by which the authority is directed and controlled and its activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the authority to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost effective services.

The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Breckland's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The governance framework has been in place at Breckland Council for the year ended 31st March 2025 and up to the date of approval of the statement of accounts.

The governance framework

Vision and Priorities – Our corporate plan 2024-28 brings together our strategic priorities for the coming years and outlines what we will do to make a difference in Breckland to ensure it is a place where people & business can thrive. To help us deliver this vision we have consulted widely with local people and our partners and listened carefully to what was said. There is an annual cycle of review of the delivery plan which supports the corporate plan. The refreshed Corporate Plan 2024-28 is in place from April 2024.

Quality of Services - The Council has a Performance Management Framework which sets out how it monitors both performance and the delivery of objectives and risks. The framework was completely reviewed in 2021-22, underpinned by a new set of Performance Indicators from April 2023. The revised Performance Management Framework was approved in September 2023 and can be found at <u>Appendix 1 for Performance Framework Review.pdf</u> (breckland.gov.uk)

Operational Governance - The Council updated its operational governance arrangements in 2022-23 to better meet expected outcomes around organisational management and effectiveness. This revised governance took effect from January 2023, with some areas refined during 2024-25, and consists of: CMT Business meetings (approximately every 4 weeks) to consider all matters of business with committee reports for information; SLT Strategy meetings to discuss strategic issues; a quarterly Projects & Performance Board facilitated by the Projects & Performance Manager to consider the organisational performance relating to KPI's, PI's, projects, budgets, internal audit and risk; a monthly Organisational Health Board to consider the health of the organisation including people, organisational development, future of work, training, policy development and recruitment; and a Programme Board which is a flexible high-level forum for the exchange of ideas and development of strategy concerning a wide range of current and future issues/opportunities facing the organisation and the place. Further changes will be made during 2025-26 as a result of LGR and to continually refine existing arrangements. Details of Statutory Officer positions - Breckland Council

Constitution and Responsibilities - A comprehensive document setting out the Council's constitution exists which sets out the clearly defined structure for the Council's organisational and decision-making arrangements based upon a Cabinet/Executive model. In essence the different roles can be summarised as follows:

- o Council decides upon certain policies and other specialist functions that cannot be delegated elsewhere including the setting of the council tax.
- A limited number of policies are reserved to the Council, either by the Council's own choice or because they are allocated by law (together these are known as the Policy Framework). Subject to any specific legislative requirements, the Cabinet is responsible for all policies which are outside of the Policy Framework.
- o For its most significant decisions, the Cabinet works to a Key Decision Plan of forthcoming decisions for up to twelve months ahead.
- o All decisions, along with formal minutes of all committee meetings are published on the Council's website.
- o The work of the Cabinet and the Council as a whole is supported by an Overview and Scrutiny Commission and its task and finish groups.
- The Overview and Scrutiny Commission has developed its own work programme for the review of Council services in addition to scrutinising the work of the Cabinet. It can 'call-in' a decision which has been made by the Executive but not yet implemented.
- o The Governance and Audit Committee is well established, and is responsible for the review of the work of the Internal and External Audit functions and provides independent assurance of the effectiveness of governance arrangements, risk management and financial management processes. It also has the responsibility for the approval of the Statements of Accounts and review of treasury policy and outturn and to deal with Standards (of elected member conduct).
- Separate committees exist for Planning and Licensing.
- o Delegation arrangements to committees, the Executive and officers are set out in detail within the constitution.
- Regular meetings take place between relevant senior officers and members of the Council to discuss and propose policy.
- The General purposes Committee was re-established in January 2022, with a view to dealing with the majority of non-Executive decisions that are not either reserved for full Council or currently delegated to the Regulatory Committees, this includes decisions relating to staffing matters, training, health and safety, electoral matters plus other non- executive matters

The constitution also includes sections on standing orders, financial regulations and conduct of meetings. The constitution as a whole is reviewed periodically with interim updates as and when appropriate. There is a standing item at Full Council for any minor updates to be made, to ensure it remains up to date and relevant. An updated Constitution was adopted in March 2025 and can be found at Modern.gov (breckland.gov.uk)

Codes of Conduct - The Council's constitution contains codes of conduct applying to members as well as a protocol for councillor/officer relationships. Officers are also subject to a separate Code of Conduct. These have enabled the authority to develop an inclusive culture over the years, whereby members and officers work together to deliver the Council's vision and quality services to its residents. The codes include reference to the need to declare any interests which may conflict with the individual's role at the Council and such registers for councillors and officers are maintained by the Council. The Members Code of Conduct has been reviewed and a revised Code based on the LGA Model Code of Conduct was approved at Council in March 2023, and came into force following the elections in May 2023. It can be found at Code of Conduct and Scrutiny - Breckland Council

The Officers' Code of Conduct was recently reviewed and approved at General Purposes committee in March 2024. It can be found at: Officer Code of Conduct (breckland.gov.uk)

Complaints - The Council has in place a compliments and complaints procedure that ensure that any referrals are fully investigated, properly resolved and learning applied to service delivery. Systems and procedures have been enhanced to ensure that complaints/service requests are the cornerstone of the Council's management approach. Details on complaints and compliments can be found at Provide corporate feedback - Breckland Council

Policies, Procedures, Laws and Regulations - The Council's statutory officers are the Head of Paid Service, the Monitoring Officer and the Section 151 Officer. They are responsible for ensuring that the Council acts within the law and in accordance with established policies and procedures.

Head of Paid	has responsibility for the discharge by the council of their functions and the appointment, proper management and organisation of the	
Service	Council's staff.	
Section 151	is specifically responsible for the proper discharge of financial arrangements and must advise the Council where any proposal might be	
Officer	unlawful or where expenditure is likely to exceed resources, and to ensure that the authority's financial management arrangements	
	conform to the governance requirements as set out in the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy statement on the Role	
	of the Chief Financial Officer.	
Monitoring Officer	itoring Officer is responsible for advising the Council if any proposal, decision or omission is likely to give rise to unlawfulness or maladministration as	
	well as investigating allegations that a member may have breached the Council's Code of Conduct.	

The statutory officers are also members of the authority's Corporate Management Team and attend Corporate Management Team meetings on a regular basis. Service Managers are responsible for ensuring that legislation and policy relating to service delivery and health and safety are implemented in practice.

Tackling Fraud and Corruption – The Council has in place Whistle-blowing, Counter Fraud, Corruption & Bribery and Money Laundering Policies (updated and approved by Governance and Audit Committee in February 2025). These policies aim to increase staff and Member awareness, create an environment which encourages and supports the prompt raising of suspicions or concerns, helps to minimise the likelihood of money laundering and corruption, supports our open and honest culture and fulfils our statutory, legal and regulatory duties. These can be found at:

Money Laundering Policy February 2025 .pdf

Counter fraud corruption Bribery Policy February 2025 v2.pdf

Whistleblowing Policy February 2025 .pdf

The Anglia Revenues Partnership has as joint fraud team with outcomes of fraud identification and actions reported regularly to the Joint Committee and Operational Improvement Board Members. Internal audit assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of controls in place to mitigate fraud risks and reports on these in the internal audit reports to management.

Development and training needs – Breckland is a learning organisation, both in terms of elected members and officers, and is committed to investing in its people to ensure they feel valued and are given the opportunities to develop and achieve their full potential. The training budget for staff is managed by the HR and Organisational Development Team and continues to deliver a programme designed to develop the skills and knowledge of its workforce for now and the future.

Breckland also provides an induction, training and development programme to elected members to ensure they have the support and skills necessary to effectively carry out their council duties on behalf of their communities. The member training budget is managed by Democratic Services. Training requirements are part of the standard agenda for General Purposes Committee.

Risk Management – The Council's risk management arrangements are embedded in its Corporate Risk Management Strategy and risk registers and a new Risk Management Framework was adopted in October 2021. This was reviewed in September 2023 and the latest version can be found at under Risk Framework Policy at: https://www.breckland.gov.uk/article/3461/Strategies-Plans-and-Policies-

Breckland has developed its performance system to maintain a register of the key strategic risks it considers it faces along with the actions planned or taken to mitigate these risks, which have been monitored by Performance Board, Corporate Management Team and the Governance and Audit Committee on a regular basis. Risk logs are also being used to manage the risks for key projects, along with other project management techniques, and all key decisions are required to be assessed for risks. All committee reports contain a mandatory risk section to ensure that members can consider the risks and opportunities of any recommendations or options, so that the consideration of risk forms an integral part of all decision making. Operational risks are also regularly considered and managed by Service Managers.

Data Protection – Following the implementation of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) 2016/679 and Data Protection Act 2018 our policies, practices and procedures have been updated and continue to be updated to reflect changes and guidance as it is issued. Data Protection continues to be a priority and is being overseen by the Data Protection Officer (Legal Services Manager). We have Data Champions in each team to offer support and advice to their team members and assist in ensuring compliance with the Data Protection legislation.

Business Continuity – The Council has developed business continuity plans to ensure that critical service delivery can be maintained or recovered during an emergency.

Communication – The Council believes public understanding of its work, achievements and services, coupled with consultation with residents is key to maintaining high satisfaction levels. This is achieved through regular communications and consultation activity and upholding the Council's values of transparency and openness.

Breckland regularly publishes information on its website and via a variety of social media channels. Various stakeholder groups are also reached through public meetings. The Communications Team also works with the local media to provide information to ensure residents are kept informed.

Partnerships – The Council is involved with a variety of partnerships that have developed over the years. The Council takes a collaborative approach to working in partnership with others, recognising that different models are required for different partnerships and arrangements. Most partnerships take the form of Service Level Agreements or S113 Agreements.

Some examples of our public partners and organisations we work with are:

- Norfolk Climate Change Partnership is a Norfolk wide partnership to help develop Norfolk into an exemplar in tackling climate change and protecting and enhancing its natural environment.
- Norfolk Strategic Flooding Alliance brings together all agencies and partners involved in planning for and responding to flooding in Norfolk with a strategy
 designed to enable countywide responses to flooding across all agencies involved.
- o Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Board plays a key role in bringing together health and social care providers, local government, the voluntary community and social enterprise sector and other partners who work to improve the health and wellbeing of people in Norfolk and Waveney.
- Norfolk Community Safety Partnership (NCSP) brings together organisations from across Norfolk to tackle crime and disorder to ensure the county remains a safe place for people to live, work and visit. Members of the NCSP represent local authority's, policing and fire services, probation, youth offending, health and housing.

Some examples of our operational partnership arrangements for service delivery are:

- The Norfolk Waste Partnership works to encourage more people to reduce reuse recycle and compost rubbish, working together to move away from the dependence on landfill towards more sustainable waste management.
- The Anglia Revenues and Benefits Partnership (ARP) is governed by a Joint Committee and is underpinned by a formal legal agreement. The partnership consists of Breckland, East Cambridgeshire, East Suffolk, Fenland and West Suffolk district councils. The partnership delivers council tax, business rates, housing benefit, fraud and enforcement services for the five councils.
- The Norfolk Internal Audit Consortium co-ordinates internal audit provision across 6 local authorities with a shared Head of Internal Audit, aiming to
 provide an efficient and cost effective service.

Group Companies – The Council has joint ownership of a company, Anglia Revenues Partnership Limited, which was formed in 2006 to deliver revenue and benefits and enforcement services to local authorities or housing associations and is under the joint ownership of the five ARP partnership authorities in equal shareholdings and voting rights. The company is currently dormant.

In April 2015 the Council formed a company, Breckland Bridge Limited, with a private sector partner, Land Group LLP. The vision of the Company is to "use Breckland Council's property and land assets to make a positive contribution to the regeneration and economic development of the Breckland District". The authority has a 50% shareholding in this company and control is shared on a 50/50 basis.

In 2023-24 a new Joint Venture company was set up with Anglian Water and South Norfolk, Broadland and North Norfolk Councils to help address Nutrient Neutrality restraints to the planning system.

Transparency – As a Council we want to be publicly accountable and present our work with openness and transparency. As such, the authority routinely publishes data on its website in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Transparency Code 2015. This can be found at 1. Transparency Code Data and Information - Breckland Council

In addition, Committee reports, minutes and decision records are all available on the website. The Council also applies the principle that everything is publicly available unless there is a substantial reason for not doing so.

Review of effectiveness

Breckland Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the executive managers within the authority who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Head of Internal Audit's annual report, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.

Corporate Management (CMT)	CMT review corporate responsibility, direction and delivery of corporate plan, direction and delivery of resources, horizon scanning and key controls. CMT receives regular reports from the performance board and through the CMT meetings. These cover performance and risk, internal audit, projects, employee relations, organisational health, finance and reports moving through the committee cycles.
Managers	Carry out assessments of the processes and controls they have in place to allow them to achieve their service objectives, as part of their roles as managers.
External Auditors	review the Council's arrangements for: O Preparing accounts in compliance with statutory and other relevant requirements O Ensuring the proper conduct of financial affairs and monitoring their adequacy and effectiveness in practice O Managing performance to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources Following the annual audit the external auditor issues an Audit Results Report to the Governance and Audit Committee covering the opinion on the financial statements and value for money. The Council takes appropriate action where improvements need to be made. The external auditors work with Internal Audit to allow them to place reliance on the work of Internal Audit. The external auditors are also able to undertake independent fraud reviews and will act on any reports to them from the public in the public interest.
The Head of Internal Audit	provides an independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal control, which is incorporated in the Annual Report and Opinion. Internal audit acts as an independent assurance function, providing both management and the Governance & Audit Committee with opinions on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's risk management, control and governance processes, supporting fraud prevention at the Council. Internal audit also has a working relationship with the Council's external auditor to ensure they can place reliance on the work of Internal Audit. Upon request and in the event of any irregularities Internal Audit can carry out special investigations or reviews as part of the Council's counter fraud and corruption arrangements.
ARP Fraud Team	The Anglian Revenues Partnership (ARP) has safeguards and checks in place to prevent fraud entering the Benefits and Revenues systems. This comprises, for example, a Benefit Verification policy agreed by Members to utilise data share to achieve the dual aims of eliminating fraud and to improve the customer experience. The ARP Fraud and Compliance team work with County Council partners, DWP & MHCLG to perform checks to detect and where appropriate, sanction or prosecute fraudulent applications for Benefit, Council Tax discounts, Business Rates reliefs and tenancy applications, to ensure public money is correctly spent. In particular, the team have prevented significant abuse of Single Person Discount through regular data matching to identify discrepancies and tenancy fraud for subletting, right to buy and tenancy succession, thereby ensuring residents are correctly entitled to discounts and accommodation provided to those most in need.

The Leader	Executive powers vest in the Leader and the Leader has approved delegations to the Cabinet and Executive Members (Portfolio Holders). The Leader exercises executive functions which have not been expressly delegated to Cabinet or the other Executive Members.
The Executive	consists of the Leader and Executive Members (Portfolio Holders), who together are the Cabinet and most day to day 'executive' decisions fall to the Executive under the law.

The Cabinet is appointed by the Leader and carries out the executive functions of the Council as required by legislation and the Council's constitution and accordingly:

- Takes executive decisions
- o Approves policies other than those reserved for Council
- Recommends to Council policies and budgetary decisions

The Council approves and keeps under regular review all the strategic policies which it reserves for its own consideration, including:

- o The Constitution
- o The Corporate Plan
- o The Medium Term Financial Plan and Capital Strategy
- o The Licensing Authority Policy Statement
- The Corporate Asset Management Strategy
- The Treasury Management and Investment Strategies
- o The Gambling Policy
- Development Plan Documents

The Overview and Scrutiny Commission may undertake any work relating to the four key principles of scrutiny as follows:

- Hold the Executive to Account (Call-In)
- Performance Management
- Assist Policy Development and Review
- o Internal/External Scrutiny

The Governance and Audit Committee

- Considers and approves audit plans
- Considers audit reports
- Comments on the work of audit in addressing the authorities significant risks
- Satisfies itself that the control and governance arrangements have operated effectively by considering audit and risk reports and undertaking ad hoc reviews
- Annually self-assess themselves against best practice guidance to check their effectiveness
- Approves the Statements of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement
- o Reviews treasury policy and performance
- Considers standards issues

Internal Audit Annual Report and Opinion

This report will be presented to Governance and Audit Committee at the June 2025 meeting (see link below). The draft report has concluded that, based on the work undertaken, the overall opinion in relation to the Council's framework of governance, risk management and internal control for the year ended 31st March 2025 is considered to be reasonable / substantial (positive).

Add link once published

In total, 17 audits have been carried out throughout 2024-25. This consisted of 16 assurance audits, and 1 position statement. Of the 16 assurance reports completed, a total of 15 have resulted in a positive assurance grading. At the time of writing this we are awaiting results of 1 assurance report. Substantial assurance was concluded in the following areas: Sustainability and climate change, AGS, Accounts Receivable and Income, Preparedness for Food Waste Collections and Enforcement Activities in relation to Council Tax, national non-domestic rates (NNDR) and housing benefit overpayments debt.

No limited assurance opinions have been issued in 2024-25.

At year end there were 9 outstanding recommendations crossing the years 2021-22 to 2024-25. The urgent recommendations related to the 2022-23 Private Sector Housing (4) and business Continuity and Emergency Planning (1) audits.

Please refer to the separate Internal Audit Progress and Follow Up report June 2025 (which can be viewed at the link above), which shows the details of the progress made to date in relation to the implementation of agreed recommendations, and which also provides an update from management regarding all outstanding recommendations.

Governance issues

Whilst not within the Council's full control, it should be noted that the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Statement of Accounts are both in receipt of a disclaimed audit opinion. The Local Government Audit market nationally has seen difficulties over recent years with proposals from MHCLG, local government and other partners to resolve these over the coming years to reset and bring external audit timelines back on track. An update was provided to Governance and Audit Committee in September 2024 and February 2025 by Ernst & Young. The 2023-24 audited accounts were published ahead of the 'backstop date' of 28 February 2025. Ernst & Young issued a disclaimed audit report on the 2022-23 accounts due to lack of audit availability in the timeframe provided. A disclaimed opinion was also issued for the 2023-24 accounts due to a combination of factors; a lack of assurance over bought forward balances due to the 2022-23 disclaimed opinion, delays in providing audit evidence to Ernst & Young and delays in receiving the audited accounts of Breckland Bridge Ltd. However, their report on Value for Money arrangements for both the 2022-23 and the 2023-24 financial year identified no significant weaknesses or risks.

Housing Benefit audits also remain a long way behind schedule. Work is underway on the 2022-23 audit, however this has taken longer than anticipated but we expect this will be completed by the end of July 2025. No date is yet in place for the 2023-24 or 2024-25 audits. Discussions regarding the 203-24 audit will take place once the previous year's audit has been completed. DWP have confirmed that subsidy withholdings may be re-introduced for Local Authorities who have not yet completed audits for 200-21, initially at 2% a month rising to 35% if there are systemic delays. However, the timing of these audits could result in errors being identified during the audit process which could be replicated for up to 3 years before they are even identified, leading to increased costs in future.

The recently announced Norfolk and Suffolk Devolution and Local Government Reorganisation (LGR) plans will impact on the Council over the coming months. Breckland submitted an LGR proposal to government by the March deadline and will consider the feedback received in order to submit a final proposal in the Autumn, in line with the Government timetable. During 2025-26 we anticipate work in this area increasing as the detail around Governance, structures and finances is refined.

There were no other significant governance issues to raise for the year ended 31st March 2025.

Certification

We are satisfied that appropriate arrangements are in place to address the issues identified above.

There are no other improvements identified in our review of effectiveness for the year ended 31st March 2025.

Chief Executive	Leader of the Council
Dated:	Dated:

To be signed following the audit